

Profiling with the Linux perf tools

Introduction to the perf tools

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- Modern, actively-developed performance analysis tool
- Monitoring H/W PMU counter as well as S/W events
- Counting, sampling or tracing
- GIT-like architecture
- NO daemons required
- Callchains (stack backtrace) supported
- perf.data file per session
- Support for perl/python scripting



List of commands

```
usage: perf [--version] [--help] COMMAND [ARGS]
```

The most commonly used perf commands are:

annotate	Read perf.data (created by perf record) and display annotated code
archive	Create archive with object files with build-ids found in perf.data file
bench	General framework for benchmark suites
buildid-cache	Manage build-id cache.
buildid-list	List the buildids in a perf.data file
diff	Read two perf.data files and display the differential profile
evlist	List the event names in a perf.data file
inject	Filter to augment the events stream with additional information
kmem	Tool to trace/measure kernel memory(slab) properties
kvm	Tool to trace/measure kvm guest os
list	List all symbolic event types
lock	Analyze lock events
record	Run a command and record its profile into perf.data
report	Read perf.data (created by perf record) and display the profile
sched	Tool to trace/measure scheduler properties (latencies)
script	Read perf.data (created by perf record) and display trace output
stat	Run a command and gather performance counter statistics
test	Runs sanity tests.
timechart	Tool to visualize total system behavior during a workload
top	System profiling tool.
trace	strace inspired tool
probe	Define new dynamic tracepoints

See 'perf help COMMAND' for more information on a specific command.

 How to use the perf?

- TWO things you need to know (at least)
- event
 - performance events what you want to measure
 - ex. cpu cycles, cache misses, page faults
- target
 - where those events come from
 - ex. specific process or thread, system-wide



Specifying events

- ‘perf list’ to get full list of supported events
- Pre-defined (architectural) H/W events
- H/W Raw events (hex numbers)
- S/W and tracepoint events

List of pre-defined events (to be used in -e):

cpu-cycles OR cycles	[Hardware event]
instructions	[Hardware event]
cache-references	[Hardware event]
cache-misses	[Hardware event]
branch-instructions OR branches	[Hardware event]
branch-misses	[Hardware event]
cpu-clock	[Software event]
task-clock	[Software event]
page-faults OR faults	[Software event]
context-switches OR cs	[Software event]
L1-dcache-loads	[Hardware cache event]
L1-dcache-load-misses	[Hardware cache event]
L1-dcache-stores	[Hardware cache event]
L1-dcache-store-misses	[Hardware cache event]



Specifying targets

- Processes (-p *pids*)
- Threads (-t *tids*)
- User (-u *uid*)
- System-wide (-a)
- Cpus (-C *cpus*)
- Cgroups (-G *cgroup*)
- Workload (*command line*)



- Counting number of events
 - `perf stat [events] target`
- Collecting event samples
 - `perf record [events] target`
- Analyzing the samples
 - `perf report`
- Live Profiling
 - `perf top [events] [target]`

 Stat: Counting events

```
$ perf stat ls > /dev/null
```

Performance counter stats for 'ls':

0.657039 task-clock	#	0.713 CPUs utilized
0 context-switches	#	0.000 K/sec
0 cpu-migrations	#	0.000 K/sec
262 page-faults	#	0.399 M/sec
1,761,029 cycles	#	3.280 GHz
1,092,764 stalled-cycles-frontend	#	62.05% frontend cycles idle
858,094 stalled-cycles-backend	#	48.73% backend cycles idle
1,403,788 instructions	#	0.80 insns per cycle
	#	0.78 stalled cycles per insn
386,793 branches	#	588.691 M/sec
14,343 branch-misses	#	3.71% of all branches [80.59%]

0.000921599 seconds time elapsed



Stat: Run workload multiple times

- To reduce variability

```
$ perf stat -e task-clock,cycles,context-switches,page-faults,instructions -r 10 -- noploop 1  
Performance counter stats for 'noploop 1' (10 runs):  
  
 1000.308987 task-clock          #      1.000 CPUs utilized          ( +-  0.00% )  
 3,729,474,643 cycles            #      3.728 GHz                  ( +-  0.11% )  
        2 context-switches         #      0.002 K/sec                ( +-  8.55% )  
       110 page-faults            #      0.110 K/sec                ( +-  0.09% )  
 3,594,555,795 instructions     #      0.96  insns per cycle        ( +-  0.39% )  
  
 1.000582770 seconds time elapsed          ( +-  0.00% )
```

 Stat: Various options

```
$ perf stat -h
```

```
usage: perf stat [<options>] [<command>]
```

```
-e, --event <event>    event selector. use 'perf list' to list available events
--filter <filter>
                         event filter
-i, --no-inherit      child tasks do not inherit counters
-p, --pid <pid>       stat events on existing process id
-t, --tid <tid>       stat events on existing thread id
-a, --all-cpus        system-wide collection from all CPUs
-g, --group           put the counters into a counter group
-c, --scale            scale/normalize counters
-v, --verbose          be more verbose (show counter open errors, etc)
-r, --repeat <n>      repeat command and print average + stddev (max: 100)
-n, --null             null run - dont start any counters
-d, --detailed         detailed run - start a lot of events
-S, --sync              call sync() before starting a run
-B, --big-num          print large numbers with thousands' separators
-C, --cpu <cpu>        list of cpus to monitor in system-wide
-A, --no-aggr          disable CPU count aggregation
-x, --field-separator <separator>
                         print counts with custom separator
-G, --cgroup <name>   monitor event in cgroup name only
-o, --output <file>   output file name
--append               append to the output file
--log-fd <n>          log output to fd, instead of stderr
```



- Default: cpu cycles event
- Default: 4 KHz frequency (estimated)
- No daemons
- Record + report
- Records system information
- Records build-ids of DSOs with samples
- Support call-stack recording (fp or cfi)



Recording event samples

```
# perf record -h
usage: perf record [<options>] [<command>]
or: perf record [<options>] -- <command> [<options>]

-e, --event <event>    event selector. use 'perf list' to list available events
--filter <filter>
                           event filter
-p, --pid <pid>        record events on existing process id
-t, --tid <tid>        record events on existing thread id
-a, --all-cpus          system-wide collection from all CPUs
-C, --cpu <cpu>         list of cpus to monitor
-c, --count <n>         event period to sample
-o, --output <file>    output file name
-i, --no-inherit        child tasks do not inherit counters
-F, --freq <n>          profile at this frequency
-m, --mmap-pages <n>   number of mmap data pages
--group                 put the counters into a counter group
-g, --call-graph <mode[,dump_size]>
                           do call-graph (stack chain/backtrace) recording: [fp] dwarf
-N, --no-buildid-cache
                           do not update the buildid cache
-B, --no-buildid        do not collect buildids in perf.data
-G, --cgroup <name>     monitor event in cgroup name only
-u, --uid <user>        user to profile
...
# perf record -a sleep 1
[ perf record: Woken up 1 times to write data ]
[ perf record: Captured and wrote 0.012 MB perf.data (~508 samples) ]
```



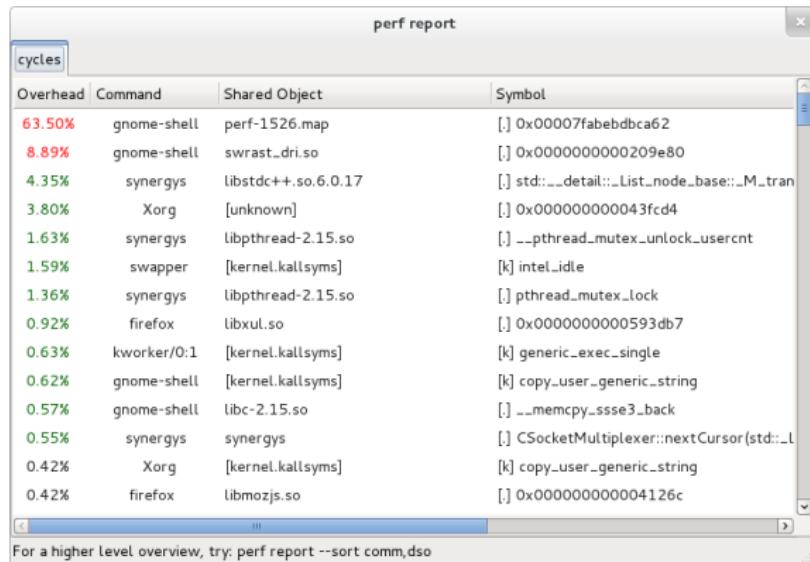
- Supports 3 kind of UI frontend
 - stdio
 - TUI - interactive (using newt/slang)
 - GUI - basic browsing only (using GTK2)
- Supports various sort keys
 - pid, comm, dso, symbol, cpu, ...
- Filtering by thread, dso, symbol
- TUI interactivity
 - Integrated annotation
 - foldable callchain
 - changing filter

 Report: stdio output

```
# perf report --stdio
# =====
# captured on: Fri Nov 30 20:14:59 2012
# hostname : sejong.aot.lge.com
# os release : 3.7.0-rc6
# perf version : 3.7.rc7.g662355
# arch : x86_64
# nr_cpus online : 12
# nr_cpus avail : 12
# cpudesc : Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-3930K CPU @ 3.20GHz
# cpuid : GenuineIntel,6,45,7
# total memory : 32851944 kB
# cmdline : /home/namhyung/project/linux/tools/perf/perf record -a sleep 1
# event : name = cycles, type = 0, config = 0x0, config1 = 0x0, config2 = 0x0, excl_usr = 0, excl_kern = 0, excl_host =
# HEADER_CPU_TOPOLOGY info available, use -I to display
# pmu mappings: cpu = 4, software = 1, uncore_pcu = 13, tracepoint = 2, uncore_imc_0 = 15, uncore_imc_1 = 16, uncore_
# =====
#
# Samples: 4K of event 'cycles'
# Event count (approx.): 1789554346
#
# Overhead          Command      Shared Object
# .....           .....
#
  63.50%  gnome-shell  perf-1526.map      [...] 0x00007fabebdbca62
  8.89%  gnome-shell  swrast_dri.so       [...] 0x0000000000209e80
  4.35%   synergys    libstdc++.so.6.0.17 [...] std::__detail::__List_node_base::__M_transfer(std::__detail::
  3.80%     Xorg       [unknown]           [...] 0x000000000043fc4d
  1.63%   synergys    libpthread-2.15.so    [...] __pthread_mutex_unlock_usercnt
  1.59%    swapper     [kernel.kallsyms]  [k] intel_idle
  1.36%   synergys    libpthread-2.15.so    [...] pthread_mutex_lock
  0.92%    firefox     libxul.so           [...] 0x00000000000593db7
...
```

 Report: TUI output

```
namhyung@sejong:~/project/linux/tools/perf
File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help
namhyung@sejong:~/project/li... x namhyung@sejong:~/project ... x namhyung@sejong:~/Document...
Samples: 4K of event 'cycles'. Event count (approx.): 1789554346
63.50% gnome-shell perf-1526.map [.] 0x00007fabebdbca62
8.59% gnome-shell swrast_dri.so [.] 0x0000000000209e80
4.35% s -Help ::_List_node_bas
3.80% h/?/F1 Show this window 3fcfd4
1.63% s UP/DOWN/PGUP ex_unlock_usercn
1.59% PGDN/SPACE Navigate _lock
1.36% q/ESC/CTRL+C Exit browser 93db7
0.92% 0.92% kwor For multiple event sessions: single
0.62% gnom eric_string
0.57% gnom TAB/UNTAB Switch events 3_back
0.55% s For symbolic views (-sort has sym): lexer::nextCurso
0.42% 0.42% s -> Zoom into DSO/Threads & Annotate current symbol eric_string
0.26% 0.23% s <- Zoom out 4126C
0.22% s a Annotate current symbol k() const
0.22% s C Collapse all callchains single
0.21% s E Expand all callchains eadPosix::unlock
0.17% s d Zoom into current DSO lexer::serviceith
0.16% gnom t Zoom into current Thread node
0.16% r r Run available scripts('perf report' only) 3d450
0.16% s P Print histograms to perf.hist.N l15_List_node_ba
0.15% s V Verbose (DSO names in callchains, etc) ) const
0.15% systemd-/ Filter symbol by name _state
0.15% s Mutex(CArchMutex
0.14% Press any key... ock_irqrestore
0.13% 0.12% systemd-journal [kernel.kallsyms] [k] find_vma
0.12% swapper [kernel.kallsyms] [k] menu_select
Press '?' for help on key bindings
```

 Report: GTK2 output



Report: Customize output using sort keys

- Collect/sort sample histograms based on:
 - cpu - cpu number
 - pid - process ID
 - comm - process name
 - dso - name of executable or library
 - symbol - function name
 - parent - caller of this function (requires callchain)
- Default: comm,dso,symbol
- Default parent regex: ^sys_ |^do_page_fault
- Filtering by thread, dso, symbol

Needs to be recorded with -g option

```
# cat perf.hist.5
- 100.00% sleep libc-2.12.so  [.] malloc
  - malloc
    - 45.16% __strdup
      + 85.71% setlocale
        + 7.14% _nl_load_locale_from_archive
        + 7.14% __textdomain
      + 38.71% _nl_intern_locale_data
      + 6.45% _nl_normalize_codeset
      + 3.23% _nl_load_locale_from_archive
    - 3.23% new_composite_name
      setlocale
      0x4014ec
      __libc_start_main
      0x4011f9
    + 3.23% set_binding_values
```



Annotation

namhyung@sejong:~/project/linux/tools/perf

File Edit View Search Terminal Tabs Help

namhyung@sejong:~/project/lin... namhyung@sejong:~/project namhyung@sejong:~/Documents...

pthread_mutex_lock

Disassembly of section .text:

```
000000387dc09b20 <_pthread_mutex_lock:>
    mov    $0x1(%rdi),%esi
    mov    %rdi,%rb
    mov    %esi,%eax
    and    $0x7f,%eax
    nop
    mov    %esi,%edx
    and    $0x7c,%edx
    ine    45
    mov    %fs:0x2d0,%r9d
    test   %eax,%eax
    jne    4a
20:   and    $0x80,%esi
    mov    $0x1,%edi
    xor    %eax,%eax
    lock   cmpxchg %edi,(%r8)
71:43  jne    ffffffff
3.57  38:   mov    %r9d,0xb(%r8)
            addl   $0x1,0xc(%r8)
7.14  nop
            xor    %eax,%eax
45:   retq
    - jmpq  ffffffff
4a:   cmp    $0x1,%eax
    jne    85
    cmp    $0x8(%rdi),%r9d
    je     74
    mov    %eax,%edi
```

Press 'h' for help on key bindings



- perf top
- Record + report at the same time
- No perf.data file generated
- Reuses report TUI interactive interface
- Live decaying histograms
- System-wide monitoring by default



- There are so many tracepoints in kernel
 - needs CONFIG_EVENT_TRACING enabled
 - 960 (= perf list |grep Tracepoint |wc -l)
- They can be used as perf events
- They contain useful information
- It can trace every occurrence of such events
- Usual perf record + report works greatly
- Run perf script if you want to see the raw event information

- diff - Differential profiling
- probe - Dynamic probe for kernel/user-space
- script - Run or generate script for recorded events
- sched - Trace/measure scheduler properties (latency)
- lock - Analyze kernel locking events
- kvm - Trace/measure kvm guest os properties
- trace - 'strace' inspired tool
- timechart - Generate a SVG image of system behavior

- 'perf diff' for comparing performance results (perf.data)
 - perf record
 - *do your job...*
 - perf record
 - perf diff
- Differential profiling
 - paper from Paul McKenney
 - Delta profiling (default)
 - new_percent - old_percent
 - Ratio differential profiling
 - new_period / old_period
 - Weighted differential profiling
 - new_period * w2 - old_period * w1



- use kprobes/uprobes to add tracepoints
 - self-modifying code
 - kernel provides a way to add/remove probes
 - `/sys/kernel/debug/tracing/[ku]probe_events`
 - support arguments
 - register, local variables, return value
- use ELF/DWARF information for function/variable name
 - requires libelf, libdw, libdwfl from elfutils
 - can apply filter using wildcard



- Listing probeable lines in function

```
# perf probe -L __schedule
<__schedule@/home/namhyung/project/linux/kernel/sched/core.c:0>
 0 static void __sched __schedule(void)
 1 {
 2     struct task_struct *prev, *next;
 3     unsigned long *switch_count;
 4     struct rq *rq;
 5     int cpu;
 6
 7     need_resched:
 8     preempt_disable();
 9     cpu = smp_processor_id();
10     rq = cpu_rq(cpu);
11     rcu_note_context_switch(cpu);
```

- Show available variables on each line

```
# perf probe -V __schedule:11
Available variables at __schedule:11
@<__schedule+94>
    int      cpu
    struct rq*      rq
    struct task_struct      next;
```



- Listing probeable functions in userspace DSO

```
# perf probe -F -x /lib64/libc-2.15.so | grep ^m | head -5
madvise
malloc
malloc@plt
malloc_info
mblen
```

- Adding probes

```
# perf probe -x /lib64/libc-2.15.so -a malloc
Added new event:
  probe_libc:malloc      (on 0x79b80)
```

You can now use it in all perf tools, such as:

```
perf record -e probe_libc:malloc -aR sleep 1
```



- New 'perf trace' command for tracing system call events
- Aim at strace-like easy to use tool
- Support live mode only currently
- Will include more information like page faults
- Will be able to add some kernel events also
- Initial work by Thomas Gleixner and Ingo Molnar
 - <http://lwn.net/Articles/415728/>

 Tracing with perf trace

```
# perf trace usleep 1

0.000 ( 0.000 ms): ... [continued]: read() = 0
Problems reading syscall 59(execve) information
0.027 ( 0.000 ms): ... [continued]: execve() = -2
0.043 ( 0.015 ms): execve(arg0: 140733994181707, arg1: 140733994192272, arg2: 26938192, arg3: 2426200
0.047 ( 0.003 ms): execve(arg0: 140733994181714, arg1: 140733994192272, arg2: 26938192, arg3: 2426200
0.052 ( 0.004 ms): execve(arg0: 140733994181718, arg1: 140733994192272, arg2: 26938192, arg3: 2426200
0.388 ( 0.335 ms): execve(arg0: 140733994181724, arg1: 140733994192272, arg2: 26938192, arg3: 2426200
0.406 ( 0.001 ms): brk(brk: 0 ) = 2156134
0.421 ( 0.003 ms): mmap(addr: 0, len: 4096, prot: 3, flags: 34, fd: 4294967295, off: 0 ) = -779063
0.434 ( 0.005 ms): access(filename: 242615439840, mode: 4 ) = -1 ENOENT
0.501 ( 0.004 ms): open(filename: 139903485625561, flags: 524288, mode: 242617553576 ) = 4
0.504 ( 0.001 ms): read(fd: 4, buf: 140733881537160, count: 832 ) = 832
0.506 ( 0.001 ms): fstat(fd: 4, statbuf: 140733881536816 ) = 0
0.511 ( 0.003 ms): mmap(addr: 242619514880, len: 3892376, prot: 5, flags: 2050, fd: 4, off: 0 ) = 210
0.515 ( 0.003 ms): mprotect(start: 242621267968, len: 2097152, prot: 0 ) = 0
0.520 ( 0.003 ms): mmap(addr: 242623365120, len: 24576, prot: 3, flags: 2066, fd: 4, off: 1753088) =
0.526 ( 0.003 ms): mmap(addr: 242623389696, len: 17560, prot: 3, flags: 50, fd: 4294967295, off: 0 ) =
0.529 ( 0.001 ms): close(fd: 4 ) = 0
0.534 ( 0.002 ms): mmap(addr: 0, len: 4096, prot: 3, flags: 34, fd: 4294967295, off: 0 ) = -7791697
0.544 ( 0.002 ms): mmap(addr: 0, len: 8192, prot: 3, flags: 34, fd: 4294967295, off: 0 ) = -7791779
0.548 ( 0.001 ms): arch_prctl(option: 4098, arg2: 139903485523776, arg3: 139903485526096, arg4: 34, a
0.569 ( 0.003 ms): mprotect(start: 242680365056, len: 4096, prot: 1 ) = 0
0.573 ( 0.003 ms): mprotect(start: 242623365120, len: 16384, prot: 1 ) = 0
0.576 ( 0.003 ms): mprotect(start: 242617544704, len: 4096, prot: 1 ) = 0
0.582 ( 0.004 ms): munmap(addr: 139903485534208, len: 98465 ) = 0
0.635 ( 0.001 ms): brk(brk: 0 ) = 2156134
0.638 ( 0.002 ms): brk(brk: 21696512 ) = 21696512
0.640 ( 0.001 ms): brk(brk: 0 ) = 21696512
0.708 ( 0.056 ms): nanosleep(rqtp: 140733881538896, rmtp: 0 ) = 0
0.713 ( 0.000 ms): exit_group(error_code: 0 ) = 0
```



- Show each sample in (chronological) order by timestamp
- Use script languages to process events
- Currently perl and python are supported
 - Require development packages installed
- Several scripts are available
- Run existing script to perf.data
- Generate script from perf.data
- Support non-tracepoint event samples
- Script browser patch submitted



Available scripts

```
# perf script --list
List of available trace scripts:
netdev-times [tx] [rx] [dev=] [debug] display a process of packet and processing time
failed-syscalls-by-pid [comm] system-wide failed syscalls, by pid
net_dropmonitor display a table of dropped frames
futex-contention futex contention measurement
syscall-counts [comm] system-wide syscall counts
syscall-counts-by-pid [comm] system-wide syscall counts, by pid
event_analyzing_sample analyze all perf samples
sctop [comm] [interval] syscall top
sched-migration sched migration overview
wakeup-latency system-wide min/max/avg wakeup latency
rw-by-pid system-wide r/w activity
rw-by-file <comm> r/w activity for a program, by file
failed-syscalls [comm] system-wide failed syscalls
rwttop [interval] system-wide r/w top
workqueue-stats workqueue stats (ins/exe/create/destroy)
```



Generating script

```
# perf record -a -e sched:sched_wakeup sleep 1
[ perf record: Woken up 1 times to write data ]
[ perf record: Captured and wrote 0.351 MB perf.data (~15347 samples) ]
#
# perf script -g python
generated Python script: perf-script.py
#
# cat perf-script.py
def trace_begin():
    print "in trace_begin"

def trace_end():
    print "in trace_end"

def sched__sched_wakeup(event_name, context, common_cpu,
                       common_secs, common_nsecs, common_pid, common_comm,
                       comm, pid, prio, success,
                       target_cpu):
    print_header(event_name, common_cpu, common_secs, common_nsecs,
                common_pid, common_comm)

    print "comm=%s, pid=%u, prio=%u, " \
        "success=%u, target_cpu=%u\n" % \
        (comm, pid, prio, success,
         target_cpu),

def print_header(event_name, cpu, secs, nsecs, pid, comm):
    print "%-20s %5u %05u.%09u %8u %-20s " % \
        (event_name, cpu, secs, nsecs, pid, comm),
```



Running script

```
# perf script -s perf-script.py
in trace_begin
sched__sched_wakeup    3 24794.823739899 13044 perf      comm=perf, pid=13045, prio=120, success=1, ta
sched__sched_wakeup    9 24794.823800642 13045 perf      comm=migration/9, pid=50, prio=0, success=1,
sched__sched_wakeup    0 24794.824777438 1412 gnome-shell  comm=kworker/0:1, pid=75, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826330919 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1411, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826332752 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1414, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826333622 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1409, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826334675 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1416, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826335456 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1415, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826336199 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1412, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    5 24794.826336899 1413 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1410, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup   10 24794.826376847 1409 gnome-shell  comm=gnome-shell, pid=1397, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    1 24794.826475446 1397 gnome-shell  comm=Xorg, pid=940, prio=120, success=1, targ
sched__sched_wakeup    2 24794.826895617 940 Xorg      comm=gnome-shell, pid=1397, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    3 24794.826929411 1397 gnome-shell  comm=Xorg, pid=940, prio=120, success=1, targ
sched__sched_wakeup    4 24794.826970603 940 Xorg      comm=gnome-shell, pid=1397, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    4 24794.826973342 940 Xorg      comm=firefox, pid=10371, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    0 24794.827043688 10371 firefox   comm=firefox, pid=10342, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    4 24794.827087472 940 Xorg      comm=gnome-shell, pid=1397, prio=120, success=1
sched__sched_wakeup    9 24794.827138617 10342 firefox   comm=firefox, pid=10371, prio=120, success=1
...
in trace_end
```

It'd be wonderful if you submit your great script to upstream!



- Collect guest OS statistics from host
- Use –pid to specify specific guest
- Need to specify guest vmlinux, kallsyms or modules info
- Or –guestmount directory with sshfs mounted per pid subdirs
- ‘perf kvm (top/record/report/diff/buildid-list)’
 - New ‘stat’ subcommand added recently
 - Currently vmexit, mmio, iport events are supported



```
# pgrep qemu
12027
#
# perf kvm stat record -p 12027
^C[ perf record: Woken up 6 times to write data ]
[ perf record: Captured and wrote 12.837 MB perf.data.guest (~560846 samples) ]
#
# perf kvm stat report --event=vmexit
```

Analyze events for all VCPUs:

VM-EXIT	Samples	Samples%	Time%	Avg time	
IO_INSTRUCTION	17094	30.12%	0.20%	7.24us (+- 5.05%)	
APIC_ACCESS	13546	23.87%	0.10%	4.47us (+- 4.58%)	
EPT_VIOLATION	10146	17.88%	0.02%	1.29us (+- 4.54%)	
PAUSE_INSTRUCTION	6660	11.73%	0.01%	0.97us (+- 1.89%)	
HLT	3380	5.96%	99.63%	18632.56us (+- 7.74%)	
EXTERNAL_INTERRUPT	2006	3.53%	0.03%	8.92us (+- 8.10%)	
CR_ACCESS	1482	2.61%	0.01%	2.36us (+- 1.83%)	
PENDING_INTERRUPT	827	1.46%	0.00%	1.37us (+- 3.31%)	
EXCEPTION_NMI	773	1.36%	0.00%	2.54us (+- 2.54%)	
EPT_MISCONFIG	587	1.03%	0.01%	10.32us (+- 3.47%)	
CPUID	253	0.45%	0.00%	1.14us (+- 4.04%)	

Total Samples:56754, Total events handled time:63212778.18us.



Thanks!

- Any questions?